

Bitbucket Pipelines를 이용한 CI/CD

AWS Elastic Beanstalk



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7. branch dev, prod 분리 및 테스트

AWS Elastic Beanstalk 환경

생성

새 환경 생성

Elastic Beanstalk > 환경 생성

환경 티어 선택

AWS Elastic Beanstalk은 다양한 유형의 웹 애플리케이션을 지원할 수 있도록 두 가지 환경 티어를 지원합니다. 웹 서버는 일반적으로 포트 80을 통해 HTTP 요청을 수신한 후 처리하는 표준 애플리케이션입니다. 작업자는 Amazon SQS 대기열에서 메시지를 수신한 작업을 백그라운드에서 처리하는 특수 애플리케이션입니다. 작업자 애플리케이션은 HTTP를 사용하여 이 메시지를 애플리케이션에 게시합니다.

웹 서버 환경

웹사이트, 웹 애플리케이션 또는 HTTP 요청을 지원하는 웹 API를 실행합니다.
[자세히 알아보기](#)

작업자 환경

요청 시 장기 실행 워크로드를 처리하거나 일정에 따라 작업을 수행하는 작업자 애플리케이션을 실행합니다.
[자세히 알아보기](#)

취소

선택

AWS Elastic Beanstalk 환경 생성

생성

Elastic Beanstalk > 환경 생성

웹 서버 환경 생성

샘플 애플리케이션 또는 사용자의 자체 코드를 사용하여 환경을 시작합니다. 환경을 생성하면 AWS Elastic Beanstalk이 자동으로 AWS 리소스와 권한을 관리합니다. [자세히 알아보기](#)

애플리케이션 정보

애플리케이션 이름
 최대 100자 길이의 유니코드 문자이며, 슬래시(/)를 사용해서는 안 됩니다.

▶ 애플리케이션 태그(선택 사항)

환경 정보

환경의 이름, 하위 도메인 및 설명을 선택합니다. 이 설정은 나중에 변경할 수 없습니다.

환경 이름

도메인
자동 생성된 값을 넣을 공간을 비워두십시오. .ap-northeast-2.elasticbeanstalk

가용성 확인

설명

플랫폼

관리형 플랫폼
Amazon Elastic Beanstalk가 개시하고 유지 관리하는 플랫폼입니다. [자세히 알아보기](#)

사용자 지정 플랫폼
사용자가 생성하고 소유한 플랫폼입니다.

플랫폼

플랫폼 브랜치

플랫폼 버전

애플리케이션 코드

샘플 애플리케이션
샘플 코드를 사용하여 바로 시작합니다.

기존 버전
spring-boot-project-dev에 업로드한 애플리케이션 버전입니다.
-- 버전 선택 --

코드 업로드
컴퓨터에서 소스 번들을 업로드하거나, Amazon S3에서 소스 번들을 복사하십시오.

취소 [추가 옵션 구성](#) [환경 생성](#)

Bitbucket Repository

생성

Bitbucket Your work Repositories Projects More ▾

Create ▾

Repository

Project

Snippet

Create a new repository [Import repository](#)

Workspace Kim Tae Hoon

Project name* study-project

Repository name* spring-boot

Access level Private repository
Uncheck to make this repository public. Public repositories typically contain open-source code and can be viewed by anyone.

Include a README? No

Default branch name e.g., 'main'

Include .gitignore? No

[Advanced settings](#)

[Create repository](#) [Cancel](#)

IntelliJ bitbucket 연동

- ssh 키 생성 (macOS)

기자:

```
$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -C "email@example.com"
```

```
Enter file in which to save the key  
(/Users/kth/.ssh/'keyFileName'):  
ex) /Users/kth/.ssh/email
```

키생

성

키 파일 저장위치, 이름
설정

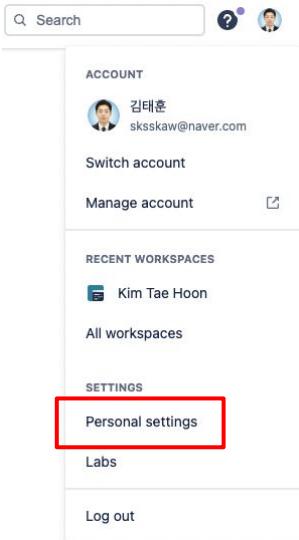
```
# macOS  
$ pbcopy < ~/.ssh/email.pub
```

공개키 복사

```
# Windows  
$ clip < ~/.ssh/email.pub
```

IntelliJ bitbucket 연동

- bitbucket ssh 키 설정



Search ?

ACCOUNT
김태훈 sksskaw@naver.com
Switch account
Manage account

RECENT WORKSPACES
Kim Tae Hoon
All workspaces

SETTINGS
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Personal settings

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SECURITY

SSH keys

[Two-step verification](#)

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FEATURES

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SSH keys

Use SSH to avoid password prompts when you push code to Bitbucket. Learn how to [generate an SSH key](#).

Add key

Key

Added

Last used

Key	Added	Last used		
kth-home-desktop	2022-03-12	2022-06-19		
kth-macBook	2 days ago	2022-06-24		

Add SSH key

Label

laptop-key

Key*

pbcopy로 복사한 키 값 넣기

Don't have a key?

Learn how to [generate an SSH key](#).

Already have a key?

Copy and paste your key here with `cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub | pbcopy`.

Problems adding a key?

Read our [troubleshooting page](#) for common issues.

Add key

Cancel

IntelliJ bitbucket 연동



Let's put some bits in your bucket

SSH

Welcome to IntelliJ IDEA

Search projects New Project Open Get from VCS

demo
api

Projects

Customize

Plugins

Learn IntelliJ IDEA

Get from Version Control

Repository URL:

Version control: Git

URL:

Directory: /Users/kth/IdeaProjects/spring-boot

Github

GitHub Enterprise

Space

Spring Boot project init push

<https://start.spring.io/>에서 스프링 프로젝트
생성

The screenshot shows the Spring Initializr web application interface. The top navigation bar has the title "spring initializr". Below the title, there are sections for "Project" (Maven Project selected), "Language" (Java selected), and "Dependencies" (Spring Web selected). The "Dependencies" section also includes an "ADD DEPENDENCIES..." button. The main configuration area is divided into three columns: "Project Metadata" (Group: com.example, Artifact: springBoot, Name: springBoot, Description: Demo project for Spring Boot, Package name: com.example.springBoot, Packaging: War selected), "Spring Boot" (Version: 2.7.1 selected), and "Dependencies" (Spring Web selected, with a note: "Build web, including RESTful, applications using Spring MVC. Uses Apache Tomcat as the default embedded container"). At the bottom, Java version options (18, 17 selected, 11, 8) are shown.

Project
 Maven Project Gradle Project

Language
 Java Kotlin Groovy

Spring Boot
 3.0.0 (SNAPSHOT) 3.0.0 (M3) 2.7.2 (SNAPSHOT) 2.7.1
 2.6.10 (SNAPSHOT) 2.6.9

Project Metadata

Group	com.example
Artifact	springBoot
Name	springBoot
Description	Demo project for Spring Boot
Package name	com.example.springBoot
Packaging	<input type="radio"/> Jar <input checked="" type="radio"/> War
Java	<input type="radio"/> 18 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 17 <input type="radio"/> 11 <input type="radio"/> 8

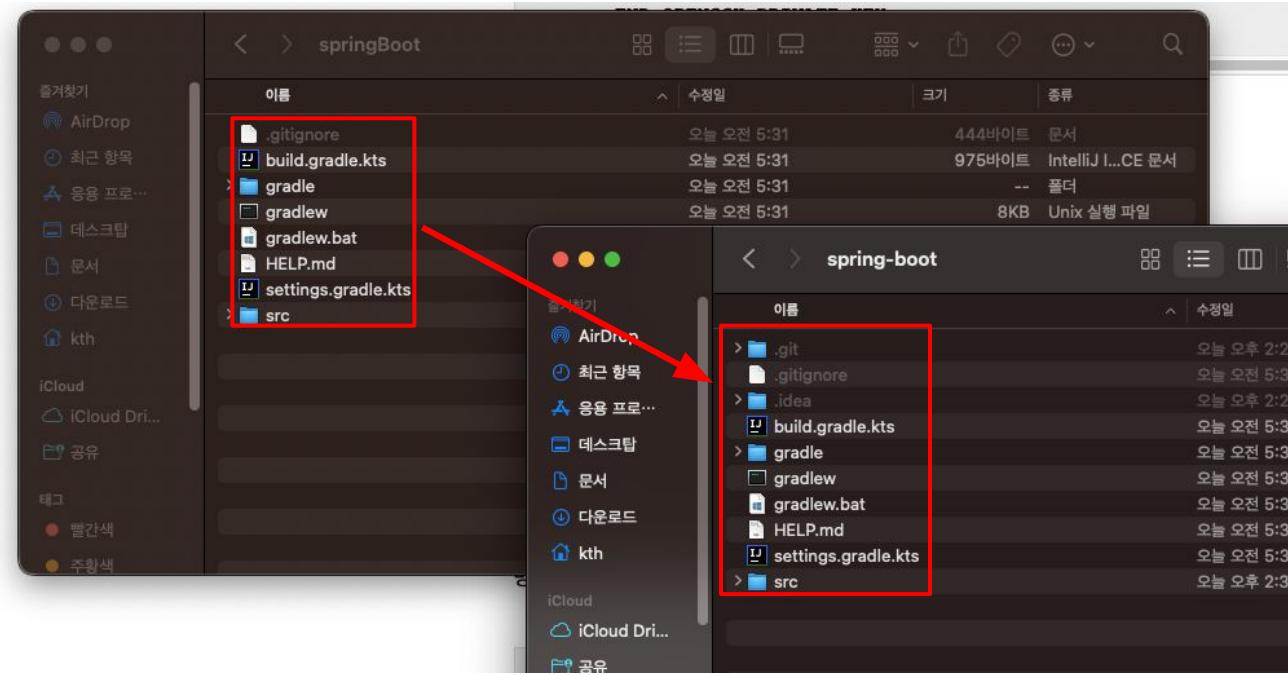
Dependencies

Spring Web WEB

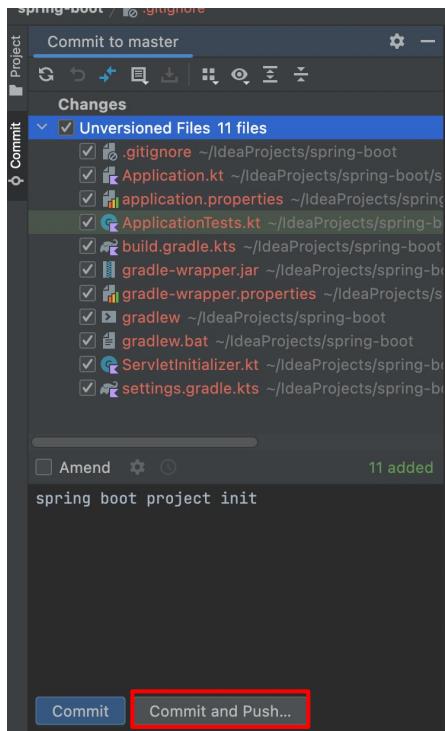
Build web, including RESTful, applications using Spring MVC. Uses Apache Tomcat as the default embedded container.

ADD DEPENDENCIES... *

Spring Boot project init push



Spring Boot project init push



Kim Tae Hoon / study-project

spring-boot

Here's where you'll find this repository's source files. To give your users an idea of what they'll find here, [add a description to your repository](#).

Name	Size	Last commit	Message
gradle		17 seconds ago	spring boot project init
src		17 seconds ago	spring boot project init
.gitignore	444 B	17 seconds ago	spring boot project init
build.gradle.kts	975 B	17 seconds ago	spring boot project init
gradlew	7.88 KB	17 seconds ago	spring boot project init
gradlew.bat	2.61 KB	17 seconds ago	spring boot project init
settings.gradle.kts	32 B	17 seconds ago	spring boot project init

Initial Bitbucket Pipelines configuration

The screenshot shows the Bitbucket Pipelines configuration interface for a repository named "spring-boot". On the left, a sidebar lists repository navigation options: Source, Commits, Branches, Pull requests, Pipelines (which is selected), Deployments, Jira issues, Security, Downloads, and Repository settings. The main area is titled "Create your first pipeline" and includes a "Get started with a template" section with a "RECOMMENDED" link. A "Starter pipeline" template is shown with a "Select" button. Below this, a heading says "Or choose a template to build and deploy to a cloud service of your choice" followed by a "View more" link. There are nine template cards arranged in a grid:

- Build and test a NodeJS code**: Build and test your NodeJS application.
- Build PHP Application**: Build, test your PHP application.
- Build a Maven project**: Test and build with Maven your Java project.
- Build a Gradle project**: Test and build with Gradle your Java project. This card has a red box around its "Select" button.
- Build and test Python**: Test and build your Python code.
- Build and test a .Net code**: Build and test your .Net Core package.
- Build C++ Application**: Build, test your C++ application.
- Build a Go (Golang) code**: Build your Go (Golang) application.
- Build and test a Ruby code**: Build and test your Ruby source code.

Initial Bitbucket Pipelines configuration

```
image: gradle:7.2

pipelines:
  branches:
    develop:
      - step:
          name: Build & Deploy
          caches:
            - gradle
          script:
            - gradle build
            - pipe: atlassian/aws-elasticbeanstalk-deploy:1.0.2
              variables:
                AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID: '$AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID'
                AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY: '$AWS_ACCESS_KEY_SECRET'
                AWS_DEFAULT_REGION: 'ap-northeast-2'
                S3_BUCKET: 'elasticbeanstalk-ap-northeast-2-186604555392'
                APPLICATION_NAME: 'spring-boot-project-dev'
                ENVIRONMENT_NAME: 'spring-boot-project-dev'
                ZIP_FILE: './build/libs/springBoot-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.war'
    master:
      - step:
          name: Build & Deploy
          caches:
            - gradle
          script:
            - gradle build
            - pipe: atlassian/aws-elasticbeanstalk-deploy:1.0.2
              variables:
                AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID: '$AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID'
                AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY: '$AWS_ACCESS_KEY_SECRET'
                AWS_DEFAULT_REGION: 'ap-northeast-2'
                S3_BUCKET: 'elasticbeanstalk-ap-northeast-2-186604555392'
                APPLICATION_NAME: 'spring-boot-project-dev'
                ENVIRONMENT_NAME: 'spring-boot-project-dev'
                ZIP_FILE: './build/libs/springBoot-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.war'
```

Initial Bitbucket Pipelines configuration

The screenshot shows the Bitbucket Pipeline configuration for a repository named 'spring-boot'. The left sidebar lists various repository management options like Source, Commits, Branches, Pull requests, Pipelines, Deployments, Jira issues, Security, Downloads, and Repository settings. The 'Source' option is currently selected. The main content area is titled 'Repository variables' under the 'PIPLINES' section. It explains that environment variables added on the repository level can be accessed by any user with push permissions. It provides an example of accessing AWS_SECRET via \$AWS_SECRET and links to 'Learn more about repository variables' and 'View workspace variables'. A note indicates that variables can be stored unencrypted if the 'Secured' checkbox is unchecked. Two environment variables are listed: 'AWS_ACCESS_KEY_SECRET' and 'AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID', both of which have their values masked with '.....'. Each variable has a lock icon and a trash bin icon next to it.

Kim Tae Hoon / study-project / spring-boot / Repository settings

Repository variables

Environment variables added on the repository level can be accessed by any users with push permissions in the repository. To access a variable, put the \$ symbol in front of its name. For example, access AWS_SECRET by using \$AWS_SECRET.

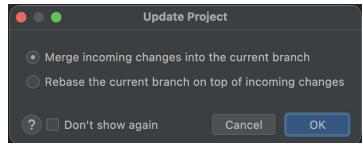
[Learn more about repository variables.](#)

Repository variables override variables added on the workspace level. [View workspace variables](#)

If you want the variable to be stored unencrypted and shown in plain text in the logs, unsecure it by unchecking the checkbox.

Name	Value	Secured	Add	
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_SECRET	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID	<input type="checkbox"/>		

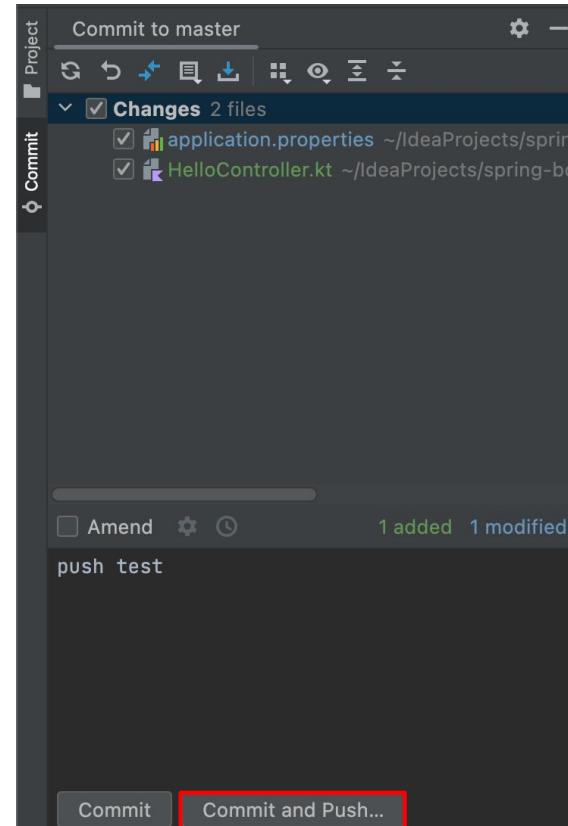
push test



```
application.properties
server.port=8080
```

```
@RestController
class HelloController {
    @GetMapping("/hello")
    fun hello(): ResponseEntity<Any> {
        return ResponseEntity
            .ok()
            .body(Response(message = "Hello"))
    }
}

data class Response(
    val message: String
)
```



push test

Pipeline	Status	Started	Duration	Status
#2 push test 김태훈 ⌂ 7185266 ↴ master	In progress	a minute ago	..	Successful
#1 Initial Bitbucket Pipelines configuration 김태훈 ⌂ 1c69d16 ↴ master	Failed	7 minutes ago	1m 49s	

branch dev, prod 분리 및 테스트

Create branch

Type ⓘ

Other

From branch

master

Branch name

develop

The diagram illustrates a branching structure. A blue horizontal line segment starts at a blue circle and ends at a grey circle. From the middle of this segment, a grey curved line extends downwards to a grey circle, which is labeled 'develop'. Above it, another grey circle is labeled 'master'.

Create Cancel

